

# Joint submission of data and data sharing rules pursuant to Regulation on Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals (KKDIK)

#### **General remarks**

- (1) The Second and Third Titles of the KKDIK Regulation contain provisions that require chemical manufacturers and importers to share their data and jointly submit information to the Ministry of Environment, Urbanization and Climate Change (Ministry in short).
- (2) The approaching deadline for the registrations and the experience gained since the beginning of the registrations, according to the information received from the stakeholders directly and through various KKDIK evaluation meetings held or attended by our Ministry, indicate that the provisions of the KKDIK Regulation on data sharing and joint submission are not used to their full potential and their implementation falling short of expectations. This has been especially disadvantageous to small and medium size enterprises.
- (3)In order for the system of data-sharing, established by KKDIK Regulation, to operate effectively, it is necessary to promote good management practices and to ensure the efficient functioning of agreements pertaining to sharing such data. Therefore, in order to implement data sharing effectively, the rules in this document and the "Data Sharing Guide" must be applied.
- (4) Costs relating to sharing and jointly submitting information, in accordance with Articles 12(1), 19(1), 24(4) and 26(1) of the KKDIK Regulation, should be determined in a fair, transparent and non-discriminatory manner.
- (5)It is necessary to clarify that in accordance with Articles 24(4) and 26(1) of the KKDIK Regulation, both administrative costs and costs related to information requirements should only be shared where those costs are relevant to the information that a party is obliged to submit with regard to their registration dossier under KKDIK Regulation. Costs relating to information requirements include any cost that was required for performing an existing study or is required for performing a new study, whether relating to preparing the necessary specifications, contracting with a laboratory or monitoring its performance. Costs of fulfilling a KKDIK information requirement not involving testing studies should also be included.
- (6)To ensure that data is shared in a transparent and effective manner, all agreements to share data for the purposes of KKDIK Regulation should be structured in a way that all relevant costs are clearly described and identifiable. However, where all parties to data-sharing agreements that already exist are satisfied with the functioning of such agreements, it should be possible to waive the obligation to itemise costs when all parties consent.
- (7) In order to ascertain that the costs of sharing data are justified and are adequately distributed between the parties to a data-sharing agreement, annual records of costs incurred and compensation received should be kept by those parties. In accordance with Articles 24(4) and 26(1) of KKDIK Regulation, parties to existing data-sharing agreements should make every effort to establish proof of costs incurred previously.



- (8) To ensure consistency with Article 23(3) of the KKDIK Regulation and to ensure that there is documentation of the cost of any study that may be subject to a data-sharing agreement, those annual records should be kept for a minimum of 12 years following the submission of a study in the framework of a registration under that Regulation.
- (9)A data-sharing agreement should include a model for sharing all relevant costs. A reimbursement mechanism should be envisaged in each cost-sharing model to allow for potential adjustment of the share of costs that each registrant pays when other registrants join that agreement at a later stage.
- (10) In order to ensure that no unnecessary administrative burden is placed on parties to data-sharing agreements that already exist on the date of publishing this document, those parties should be allowed to waive the obligation to include a reimbursement mechanism if all parties to the agreement consent. In the case of such agreements, potential registrants who intend to join the existing agreement should be allowed to request the inclusion of a reimbursement mechanism.
- (11) It should be clarified that in accordance with Article 43(4) of KKDIK Regulation, the costs associated with a substance evaluation decision may also apply to registrants who have already ceased their activities pursuant to paragraph 2 or 3 of Article 43.
- (12) Where tests on vertebrate animals are not required for the purposes of a party's registration under KKDIK Regulation, it should be clarified that that party is not obliged to share data with other registrants of the same substance and may choose to submit separately the information referred to in Article 11(1)(a) in accordance with Article 12(3) or 19(2) of that Regulation.
- (14) In order to ensure consistency with the principle of 'one substance, one registration', the Ministry should ensure that a separate submission of the information referred to in Article 11(1)(a), justified under Article 12(3) or 19(2) of KKDIK Regulation, is still part of the existing registration for that substance.
- (15) In order to promote the development and use of alternative methods for the assessment of hazards of substances and to minimise animal testing, KKDIK Regulation encourages the sharing of relevant (animal and non-animal) studies that are conducted on a substance which is structurally similar to the substance being registered (grouping or read-across).



#### Article 1

## **Subject matter**

This document titled "Joint submission of data and data sharing pursuant to Regulation on Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals (KKDIK Regulation)" lays down specific duties and obligations for parties to agreements where the sharing of information and associated costs are required under KKDIK Regulation.

#### Article 2

#### **Transparency**

- 1. Where multiple registrants of the same substance or participants in a Substance Information Exchange Forum (SIEF) are obliged to share information in accordance with their duties under KKDIK Regulation, they shall make every effort to reach an agreement on the sharing of the information. This data-sharing agreement, which involves only persons or entities subject to KKDIK Regulation, shall be clear and comprehensible to all parties and shall include the following sections:
  - (a) the itemisation of the data to be shared, including the cost of each data item, a description indicating the information requirements in KKDIK Regulation to which each cost corresponds and a justification of how the data to be shared satisfies the information requirement;
  - (b) the itemisation and justification of any cost of creating and managing the data-sharing agreement and the joint submission of information between registrants of the same substance as required by KKDIK Regulation applicable for that data-sharing agreement;
  - (c) a cost-sharing model, which shall include a reimbursement mechanism.
- 2. Where a data-sharing agreement already exists, parties to that agreement may, by unanimous consent, waive their obligation to itemise the data as described in points (a) and (b) of paragraph 1.

Potential registrants of a substance for which a data-sharing agreement has already been reached by previous registrants, who requests a study or set of studies to be shared in accordance with Articles 24 and 26 of KKDIK Regulation shall not be bound by an existing waiver, unless he provides his signed consent to it to the previous registrants, and shall have the right to request itemisation of costs as described in points (a) and (b) of paragraph 1.

Where such a request is made, the previous registrants shall:

- (a) itemise all relevant costs incurred after the publishing of these rules as described in points (a) and (b) of paragraph 1;
- (b) provide proof of the cost of any study, completed before the date of entry into force of these rules, that is requested in accordance with Article 26(1) of KKDIK Regulation;
- (c) make every effort to provide itemisation of all other relevant costs, including administrative costs and study costs not covered in point (b), incurred before the date of entry into force of this Regulation and rules as described in points (a) and (b) of paragraph 1.



The itemisation of costs shall be provided to the potential registrant within 10 working days at the latest.

3. Where registrants of the same substance have shared information and performed joint submission in accordance with KKDIK Regulation, they shall document yearly any further costs incurred in relation to the operation of their data-sharing agreement.

The annual documentation shall contain the sections indicated in paragraph 1 and include, for the purposes of the reimbursement mechanism, a record of any compensation received from new registrants.

In the absence of detailed documentation of costs incurred or compensation received before publishing this document, parties to an agreement shall make every effort to collate proof, or to make the best approximation, of such costs and compensation.

Such annual documentation shall be kept by the registrants for a minimum of 12 years following the latest submission of a study and shall be made available free of charge upon request from any party to the data-sharing agreement within 10 working days at the latest and in full consideration of the requirements related to applicable registration deadlines.

#### Article 3

## One substance, one registration

- 1. Without prejudice to Articles 12(3) and 19(2) of KKDIK Regulation, the Ministry shall ensure that all registrants of the same substance are part of the same registration under that Regulation.
- 2. Where the Ministry permits, under KKDIK Regulation, a potential registrant of a substance that has already been registered to refer to requested information, the Ministry shall ensure that any subsequent submission of information by that potential registrant is part of the existing joint submission for that substance.
- 3. Where a potential registrant has complied with his obligations under Articles 24 or 25 of KKDIK Regulation and has ascertained that he is not required to share tests on vertebrate animals for the purposes of his registration, he may decide to invoke Articles 12(3) or 19(2) in order to submit separately all or part of the relevant information in Article 11(a) above.

In such cases, the potential registrant shall inform any previous registrants of that substance of his decision. In addition, in this case, it is necessary to apply to the Ministry with a petition.

## **Article 4**

#### Fairness and non-discrimination

- 1. Pursuant to Articles 24(3) and 26(1) of KKDIK Regulation, any registrant of a substance shall only be required to share the costs of information that such registrant is obliged to submit to the Ministry to satisfy his registration requirements under that Regulation. This condition applies also to administrative costs.
- 2. The cost-sharing model referred to in Article 2(1)(c) shall apply to all registrants of that substance, including the possibility of future registrants joining the data-sharing agreement at a later stage.

Chemleg Danışmanlık Ltd. Şti.

Cevizli Mah. Bağdat Cad. No: 538/6 PK:34846 Maltepe-İstanbul +90 216 706 1307 www.chemleg.com info@chemleg.com



The cost-sharing model shall include for all registrants of a particular substance provisions for sharing any costs resulting from a potential substance evaluation decision.

The following factors shall also be considered in agreeing on a particular cost-sharing model: a) the number of potential registrants estimated to register for that substance; and b) the possibility of future additional information requirements for that substance (other than those resulting from a potential substance evaluation decision).

In the event that a cost-sharing model includes the possibility to cover the costs of future additional information requirements for that substance, other than those resulting from a potential substance evaluation decision, this possibility shall be justified and indicated separately from other costs in the data-sharing agreement.

Compiling information for the purposes of establishing substance sameness should not be the subject of any cost sharing between previous registrants and potential registrants.

- 3. Pursuant to Articles 24 and 30 of KKDIK Regulation, if the participants to a data-sharing agreement cannot agree to such a cost-sharing model, each participant shall pay an equal share of the costs required for their participation. Reimbursement of part of such costs paid shall still occur as if a reimbursement mechanism has been agreed subject to the first subparagraph of paragraph 4 in Article 4 of this document.
- 4. The reimbursement mechanism referred to in Article 2(1)(c) in this document shall be envisaged in every cost-sharing model and shall include a method of proportional redistribution to each participant of their share of costs paid where a potential registrant joins that agreement in the future.
  - The reimbursement mechanism shall also take account of the following factors: the possibility of future additional registration requirements for that substance, other than those resulting from a potential substance evaluation decision; and b) the economic viability of certain reimbursements where the costs of reimbursement are higher than the amount to be reimbursed.
- 5. Where a data-sharing agreement already exists on the date of publishing of this document, parties to that agreement may, by unanimous consent, waive their obligation to include a reimbursement mechanism in their cost-sharing model.
  - A potential registrant who intends to participate in an existing data-sharing agreement shall not be bound by an existing waiver unless he provides his signed consent to it to the previous registrants and shall have the right to obtain the inclusion of a reimbursement mechanism in the cost-sharing model.
- 6. Any registrant who has ceased his activities pursuant to paragraph 2 or 3 of Article 43 of KKDIK Regulation may still be required to share costs resulting from a substance evaluation decision in accordance with Article 43(4).



# Article 5

# **Dispute Resolution**

1.	. When settling a data-sharing dispute pursuant to Art	cles 24(6) and 26(3) of KKDIK Regulation, the Ministry shall
	take account of the parties' compliance with the obli	gations set out in Articles 2, 3 and 4 of this document.

2.	The rules in this document are applied without prejudice to the full and complete implementation of the
	competition law legislation in force in Turkey.